

Mawgan in Pydar Positive Relationship Policy

(should be read alongside our Behaviour Policy)

Date: September 2019

Review Date: September 2020

Responsible for implementation: Head of School



A Trauma Informed Schools Relationship Policy

Mawgan-in-Pydar is invested in supporting the very best possible relational health between;

- Parent and child
- Child and child
- Child and school staff
- School staff
- School staff and senior leaders
- School staff and external agencies

To this end our school is committed to educational practices which Protect, Relate, Regulate and Reflect;

PROTECT

- Increased 'safety cues' in all aspects of the school day: 'meet and greet' at the classroom door and an open-door policy for informal discussion with parents/carers.
- Staff trained in 'PACE' modes of interaction Playfulness, Acceptance, Curiosity and Empathy (Hughes 2015); (proven to shift children from flight/fright/freeze positions).
- Staff to ensure that interactions with children are socially engaging and not socially defensive, to decrease the likelihood of children relating defensively (flight/fright/freeze).
- A whole school commitment to not using harsh voices, shouting, put downs, criticism and shaming (proven to be damaging psychologically and neurologically).
- Staff 'interactively repair' occasions when they themselves move into defensiveness.
- Pedagogic interventions that help staff to get to know children better on an
 individual basis e.g. 'I wish my teacher knew' (what matters to them, who matters
 to them, their dreams, hopes). This is key to enabling children to feel safe enough
 to talk, if they wish, about painful life experiences, which are interfering with
 their ability to learn and their quality of life.
- Vulnerable children have easy and daily access to at least one named, emotionally
 available adult, and know when and where to find that adult. If the child does not
 wish to connect with the allocated adult, an alternative is found.
- School staff adjust expectations around vulnerable children to correspond with their developmental capabilities and experience of traumatic stress. This includes removing vulnerable and traumatised children in a kind and non-judgemental way from situations they are not managing well (e.g. children who are continually triggered into alarm states in the main playground can access a calmer, smaller area with emotionally regulating adults).
- Provision of clear, confidential and non-shaming system of self-referral for children's help/talk time. The nurturing of staff in such a way that they feel truly valued and emotionally regulated - supporting them to interact throughout the school day with positive social engagement rather than defensiveness.



RELATE

- A whole school commitment to enabling children to see themselves, their relationships and the world positively, rather than through a lens of threat, danger or self-blame.
- Vulnerable children are provided with repeated relational opportunities (with emotionally available adults) to make the shift from 'blocked trust' (not feeling psychologically safe with anyone) to trust, and from self-help to 'help seeking'.

REGULATE

- Relational interventions specifically designed to bring down stress hormone levels (e.g. from toxic to tolerable) in vulnerable children, enabling them to feel calm, soothed and safe. This is to support learning, quality of life and protect against stress-induced physical and mental illness, now and in later life.
- Evidence based interventions that aim to repair psychological damage and brain damage caused by traumatic life experiences, through emotionally regulating, playful, enriched adult-child interactions.
- The emotional well-being and regulating of staff, is treated as a priority to prevent burn-out, stress related absence, or leaving the profession through stress-related illness, secondary trauma and/or feeling undervalued, blamed or shamed.

REFLECT

- Staff training and development in the art of good listening, dialogue, empathy and understanding (instead of asking a series of questions/ giving lectures).
- Provision of skills and resources to support parents and staff in meaning empathic conversations with vulnerable children who want to talk about their lives. This is to empower children to better manage their home situations and life in general.
- Within the context of an established and trusted relationship with a member of staff (working alliance), children are given the means and opportunity to symbolise painful life experiences and memory re-consolidation. Means include the provision of different modes of expression, e.g. art/play/drama/music/sand/emotion worksheets/ emotion cards.
- PSHE (Personal, Social, and Health Education) and psycho-education as
 preventative input (informed by current psychological and neuroscience research),
 on mental health, mental ill-health (full range of specific conditions), relationships
 (including parenting)emotions, social media and tools for how to 'do life well'.
 Curricular content enables children to make informed choices about how they
 relate to others, how they live their lives, and how they treat their brains, bodies
 and minds.
- Staff development and training to help children move from 'behaving' their trauma/ painful life experiences, to reflecting on those experiences. Staff do this through empathic conversation, addressing children's negative self-referencing and helping them to develop positive, coherent narratives about their lives.
- A behaviour policy in place based on enquiry, reflection, resolution and interactive repair.