

ICT Progression Map

Intent: Computing knowledge & skills underpin modern life and the 21st Century economy. Children need to build a vital confidence, knowledge and understanding of the way technologies work - and how internet-connected systems can be employed - in order to adapt flexibly to rapid change over coming years. Our bespoke framework provides children with a broad, balanced set of learning experiences. With strategic hardware and software choices made by schools, a multitude of high-quality, yet easy-to-access, learning experiences are made available for staff and students.

		Cycle A	Cycle B	Cycle A	Cycle B	Cycle A	Cycle B
EYFS		Year 1	Year 2	Year 3	Year 4	Year 5	Year 6
BOATS AHOY	Autumn	Introduction to	Click & Go:	Events & Actions	Repetition in	Selection in	Variables in
Algorithms,		Animation	Scratch Jr.		Shapes	Quizzes	Games
Decomposition,				Logic			
Creating,				_			
Tinkering, Logic,			Basic Logic	Learners explore	Logic	Logic	Logic
Patterns,		Basic Logic	Learners take	the concept of	Repetition with	Selection in	Variables in
Abstraction,		Learners are	their onscreen	sequencing in	shapes Learners	quizzes Pupils	games Learners
Collaborating		introduced to	programming	programming.	will create	develop their	explore the
o o		onscreen	further. Learners	Learners are	programs by	knowledge of	concept of
BUSY BODIES		programming.	continue to use	introduced to a	planning,	'selection' by	variables in
Algorithms,		Learners explore	programming	programming	modifying, and	revisiting how	programming.
Decomposition,		the way a	blocks to use,	environment,	testing	'conditions' can	First, pupils will
Debugging,		project looks by	modify, and	which will be	commands to	be used in	learn what
Logic, Patterns,		investigating	create programs.	new to most	create shapes	programming,	variables are,
Abstraction		sprites and	Learners create	learners. They	and patterns.	and then	and relate them
		backgrounds.	algorithms or	will be	Learners will use	learning how the	to realworld
SUMMER FUN		They use	multiple	introduced to a	a text-based	ʻif then	examples of
Tinkering,		programming	algorithms. They	selection of	programming	else' structure	values that can
Persevering,		blocks to use,	practise	motion, sound,	language.	can be used to	be set and
Patterns, Logic,		modify, and	predicting the	and event blocks		select different	changed.
, 5,		create programs.	behaviour of	which they will		outcomes	Learners will

Decomposition, Debugging, Collaborating, Algorithms

AWESOME
AUTUMN
Creating,
Pattern, Logic,
Algorithms,
Decomposition,
Collaborating

WINTER
WARMERS
Algorithms,
Creating,
Collaboration,
Decomposition,
Tinkering,
Persevering

Digital Literacy

Self-image and Identity: If something happens that makes me feel sad, worried, Learners will also be introduced to the early stages of program design through the introduction of algorithms.

Moving a Robot

Hardware Controlling robots Learners are introduced to early programming concepts. Learners explore using individual commands, both with other learners and as part of a computer program. They will identify what each floor robot command does and use that knowledge to start predicting the outcome of

simple
programs. They
practise
debugging
(finding and
fixing problems)
within programs
they have
created.

Robot Algorithms

Hardware controlling robots Pupils develop their understanding of instructions in sequences and the use of logical reasoning to predict outcomes. Pupils use given commands in different orders to investigate how order can affect outcome. They will design algorithms and then test those

use to create their own programs, featuring sequences. Learners will explore all aspects of sequences, building knowledge incrementally.

Events and Actions Learners explore the links between events and actions, while consolidating prior learning relating to sequencing. Learners begin by moving a sprite in four directions (up, down, left, and right). They then explore movement within the context of a

Repetition in

Games

'true' or 'false'. Logic They represent Repetition with this games Learners understanding in will continue to algorithms, and explore the then by concept of constructing repetition in programs using programming an on-screen using an onprogramming screen coding environment. environment. They learn how Learners will to write compare and programs that contrast this ask questions coding and use environment selection to with the one control the they explored outcomes based similarities on the answers between two given. They use environments. this knowledge Learners look at to design a quiz the difference in response to a between countgiven task and controlled and implement it as a infinite loops, program. To and use their conclude the

unit. learners

evaluate their

knowledge to

modify existing

depending on

whether a

condition is

then use variables to create a simulation of a scoreboard. With the Use-Modify-Create model. children will experiment with variables in an existing project, then modify them. They will create their own project and apply their knowledge of variables and design to improve a created game.

Communication

IT Around Us

Communication Children learn about the World Wide Web as a communication tool. First, they uncomfortable or frightened I can give examples of when and how to speak to an adult I can trust.

Online relationships: I can recognise some ways in which the internet can be used to communicate.

Online reputation: I can describe what information I should not put online without asking a trusted adult first.

Managing online information: I can identify devices I could use to

programs. Time is spent on a broad range of programming aspects, and builds knowledge in a structured manner. Learners are also introduced to the early stages of program design through the introduction of algorithms.

Digital Literacy

Learners give examples of when and how to speak to an adult when they need to.
Learners recognise some ways in which the internet can be used to communicate.

algorithms as programs and debug them.

IT Around Us

IT Around us Learners will look at information technology at school and beyond, in settings such as shops, hospitals, and libraries. Learners will investigate how information technology improves our world, and they will learn about using information technology responsibly.

Digital Literacy Learners describe ways in which people

maze, using design to choose an appropriately sized sprite. Learners are introduced to programming extensions. through the use of Pen blocks if using Scratch. Learners are given the opportunity to draw lines with sprites and change the size and colour of lines. Learners design and code their own mazetracing program.

Digital Literacy
Learners
describe ways in
which media can
shape ideas
about gender.
Learners explain
how their own
and other
people's feelings

animations and games using repetition.
Learners will design and create a game which uses repetition, applying stages of programming design throughout.

Digital Literacy

Learners explain

how their online identity can be different to the identity they present in 'real life'. Learners explain what it means to 'know someone' online and why this might be different from knowing someone in real life.

program by identifying how it meets the requirements of the task, the ways they have improved it, and further ways it could be improved.

Microbit from 1st use

Hardware First use Microbits Learners will use physical computing to explore programming concepts. Learners will be introduced to a microcontroller (Microbit) and learn how to connect and program components (including output

will learn how we find information on the World Wide Web, through learning how search engines work (including how they select and rank results) and what influences searching, and through comparing different search engines. They will then investigate different methods of communication, before focusing on internetbased communication. Finally, they will evaluate which methods of internet communication to use for particular purposes.

			l l l	danta a anak	
access		might make	can be hurt by	devices such as	Distribution of
information on		themselves look	what is said or	built-in LEDs).	Digital Literacy
the internet.		different online.	written online.	Learners will	Learners explain
		Learners explain		apply and build	how they can
Health, well-		some risks of		on their existing	represent
being and		communicating		programming	themselves in
lifestyle:		online with		knowledge.	different ways
I can explain		others they		Learners will be	online. Learners
rules to keep us		don't know well.		introduced to	demonstrate
safe		Learners explain		conditions as a	how they would
when we are		how information		means of	support others
using technology		put online about		controlling the	(including those
both in and		them can last for		flow of actions,	who are having
beyond the		a long time.		and explore how	difficulties)
home.				these can be	online.
				used in	
Privacy and				algorithms and	
Security:				programs	
I can identify				through the use	
some simple				of input devices	
examples of my				(physical	
personal				switches / tilts).	
information (e.g.				Learners will	
name, address,				make use of	
birthday, age,				their knowledge	
location).				of repetition and	
				conditions when	
Copyright and				introduced to	
ownership:				the concept of	
I can name my				selection	
work so that				(through the 'if	
others				then'	
others				structure) and	
				structure) and	

know it belongs			 write algorithms	
to me.			and programs	
to me.			that utilise this	
			concept. Taking	
			skills further,	
			learners will	
			design and make	
			a working model	
			of a fairground	
			carousel that will	
			incorporate their	
			understanding of	
			how he	
			microcontroller	
			and its	
			components are	
			connected, and	
			how selection	
			can be used to	
			control the	
			operation of the	
			model.	
			Digital Literacy	
			Learners explain	
			how identity	
			online can be	
			copied, modified	
			or altered.	
			Learners explain	
			how impulsive	
			and rash	
			communications	
			55	

					online may cause problems (e.g. flaming, content produced in live streaming).	
Spring	IT Around us Learners develop their understanding of technology and how it can help us. They will start to become familiar with the different components of a computer by developing their keyboard and mouse skills. Learners will also consider how to use technology responsibly. Grouping Data IT Around us Learners develop	Pictograms Data & information Learners will begin to understand what the term data means and how data can be collected in the form of a tally chart. They will learn the term 'attribute' and use this to help them organise data. They will then progress onto presenting data in the form of pictograms and finally block diagrams. Learners will use the data	Computers IT Around Us Connecting Computers Learners develop their understanding of digital devices, considering inputs, processes, and outputs. Learners compare digital and non-digital devices. Following this, learners are introduced to computer networks, including devices that make up a network's	IT Around Us The Internet Learners will apply their knowledge and understanding of networks, to appreciate the internet as a network of networks which needs to be kept secure. They will learn that the World Wide Web is part of the internet, and be given opportunities to explore the World Wide Web for themselves to learn about who	Information IT Around Us Sharing Information Learners will develop their understanding of computer systems and how information is transferred between systems and devices. Learners will consider small -scale systems as well as large -scale systems. They will explain the input, output, and process aspects of a variety of	Hardware Applied Microbits Children will bring together elements of all the four programming constructs: sequence from Year 3, repetition from Year 4, selection from Year 5, and variables (introduced in Year 6). Learners will have the opportunity to use all of these constructs in a different, but still familiar

their understanding of technology and how it can help us. They will start to become familiar with the different components of a computer by developing their kevboard and mouse skills. Learners will also consider how to use technology responsibly.

Digital Literacy

Learners
describe what
information I
should not put
online without
asking a trusted
adult first.
Learners
describe how to
behave online in
ways that do not
upset others
Learners identify
devices they

presented to answer questions.

Input Devices & typing

typing
Learners
continue to
practise their
typing skills
within a variety
of
crosscurricular
contexts. They
practise key skills
such as twofinger scrolling,
use of the shift
key and editing
basic text.

Digital Literacy

Learners
describe how to
behave online in
ways that do not
upset others.
Learners
demonstrate
how to navigate
a simple
webpage to get
to information

infrastructure, such as wireless access points and switches. The unit concludes with learners discovering the benefits of connecting devices to a network.

Branching

Databases

Data & Information Learners develop

their understanding of what a branching database is and how to create one. They will gain an understanding of what attributes are and how to use them to sort groups of objects

owns content
and what they
can access, add,
and create.
Finally they will
evaluate online
content to
decide how
honest,
accurate, or
reliable it is, and
understand the
consequences of
false
information.

Data Logging

Data & Information Learners will consider how and why data is collected over time. Learners will consider the senses that humans use to experience the environment and how computers can use special

different real world systems.
Learners will also
take part in a
collaborative
online project
with other class
members and
develop their
skills in working
together online.

Flat-file

Databases

Data & Information

how a flat-file database can be used to organise data in records.
Learners use tools within a database to order and answer questions about data. They create graphs and charts from their data to

Learners look at

environment. while also utilising a physical device — the micro:bit. Learners begin with a simple program for learners to build in and test in the programming environment. before transferring it to their micro:bit. Learners take on increasingly difficult projects as their skills heighten and progress.

Spreadsheets

Data & Information

Children are introduced to the fundamental operations of spreadsheets. They will be

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	could use to	they need (e.g.	by using yes/no	input devices	help solve	supported in
	access	home, forward,	questions. The	called sensors to	problems. They	organising data
	information on	back buttons;	learners will	monitor the	use a real-life	into columns and
	the internet.	links, tabs and	create physical	environment.	database to	rows to create
		sections).	and onscreen	Learners will	answer a	their own data
			branching	collect data as	question, and	set. Learners will
			databases.	well as access	present their	be taught the
			Finally, they will	data captured	work to others.	importance of
			evaluate the	over long		formatting data
			effectiveness of	periods of time.	Digital Literacy	to support
			branching	They will look at	Learners	calculations,
			databases and	data points, data	describe ways	while also being
			will decide what	sets, and logging	that information	introduced to
			types of data	intervals.	about people	formulas and will
			should be	Learners will	online can be	begin to
			presented as a	spend time using	used by others	understand how
			branching	a computer to	to make	they can be used
			database.	review and	judgments about	to produce
				analyse data.	an individual.	calculated data.
			Digital Literacy	Towards the end	Learners explain	Learners will be
			Learners know	of the unit,	how they would	taught how to
			who they should	learners will	report online	apply formulas
			ask if they are	pose questions	bullying on the	that include a
			not sure if they	and then use	apps and	range of cells,
			should put	data loggers to	platforms that	and apply
			something	automatically	they use.	formulas to
			online. Learners	collect the data	Learners explain	multiple cells by
			describe rules	needed to	why lots of	duplicating
			about how to	answer those	people sharing	them. Learners
			behave online	questions.	the same	will use
			and how to		opinions or	spreadsheets to
			follow them.	Digital Literacy	beliefs online	plan an event
			Learners	J.B.tai Literacy	does not make	and answer
			Learners		a de d'internance	and answer

	evaluate digital	Learners	those opinions	questions.
	content and can	describe how	or beliefs true.	Finally, learners
	explain how to	they can find out		will create
	make choices	information		graphs and
	from search	about someone		charts, and
	results.	by looking		evaluate their
		online. Learners		results in
		explain why they		comparison to
		need to think		questions asked.
		carefully about		
		how content		Digital Literacy
		they post might		Learners
		affect others,		describe some
		their feelings		simple ways that
		and how it may		help build a
		affect how		positive online
		others feel about		reputation.
		them (their		Learners identify
		reputation).		a range of ways
				to report
				concerns both in
				school and at
				home about
				online bullying.
				Learners
				demonstrate
				strategies to
				enable them to
				analyse and
				evaluate the
				validity of 'facts.
				Learners explain
				why using these

						strategies are important.
Summer	Digital Writing	Digital Photography	Book Creator	Audio Editing	Vector Drawing	3D Modelling
	Input Devices & typing Learners will develop their understanding of the various aspects of using a computer to create and manipulate text. Learners will become more familiar with using a keyboard and mouse to enter and remove text. Learners will also consider how to change the look of their text, and will be able to justify their reasoning in making these changes. Finally, learners will	Digital Design Learners will learn to recognise that different devices can be used to capture photographs and will gain experience capturing, editing, and improving photos. Finally, they will use this knowledge to recognise that images they see may not be real. Making Music Digital Sound Learners will use a computer to create music.	Input Devices & typing Children use software to edit and improve written work from a crosscurricular subject. Children develop their use of the shift key and punctuation further, using numerous types of punctuation correctly within their onscreen writing. Children type to achieve a completed piece that can be printed or published directly to the internet.	Digital Sound Learners will examine devices capable of recording digital audio, which will include identifying the input device (microphone) and output devices (speaker or headphones) if available. Learners will discuss the ownership of digital audio and the copyright implications of duplicating the work of others. In order to record audio themselves, learners will use software to	Digital Design Vector Graphics Learners will find out that vector images are made up of shapes. They will learn how to use the different drawing tools and how images are created in layers. They will explore the ways in which images can be grouped and duplicated to support them in creating more complex pieces of work. Video Editing Digital Design Video Learners have the	Digital Design: 3D Modelling Learners will develop their knowledge and understanding of using a computer to produce 3D models. Learners will initially familiarise themselves with working in a 3D space, including combining 3D objects to make a house and examining the differences between working digitally with 2D and 3D graphics. Learners will progress to making accurate

consider the differences between using a computer to create text, and writing text on paper. They will be able to explain which method they prefer and explain their reasoning for choosing this.

Digital Painting

Digital Design

develop their

understanding of

a range of tools

used for digital

painting. They

use these tools

to create their

paintings, while

inspiration from

own digital

gaining

a range of

Learners

artists' work.

Learners

to a variety of pieces of music and consider how music can make them think and feel. Learners will compare creating music digitally and nondigitally. Learners will look at patterns and purposefully create music.

They will listen

Digital Literacy

Learners create rules for using technology safely Learners explain why I should always ask a trusted adult before I share any information about myself online. Learners recognise that content on the internet may

Animation

Digital Design Animation Learners will use a range of techniques to plan and create stop-frame animations. Next, they will apply those skills to create a storybased animation. Learners will add other types of media to their animation, such as music and

Digital Literacy

text.

Learners identify situations where they might need to limit the amount of time they use technology.
Learners describe simple

produce a podcast, which will include editing their work, adding multiple tracks, and opening and saving the audio files. Finally, learners will evaluate their work and give feedback to their peers.

Photo Editing Digital Design

Photo
Manipulation
Learners will
develop their
understanding of
how digital
images can be
changed and
edited, and how
they can then be
resaved and
reused. They will
consider the
impact that
editing images

create short videos in groups. As they progress, they will develop the skills and processes of capturing, editing, and manipulating video. Active learning is encouraged through guided questions and by working in small groups to investigate the use of devices and software. Learners are guided to take their idea from conception to completion. The use of green screen can be incorporated into this unit,

giving an

opportunity for

learners to use

opportunity to

learn how to

3D models of physical objects, such as a pencil holder, which include using 3D objects as placeholders. Finally, learners will examine the need to group 3D objects, then go on to plan, develop, and evaluate their own 3D model.

Digital Design

Web Page creation Children learn how to create websites for a chosen purpose. Learners identify what makes a good web page and use this information to design and evaluate their own website. Throughout the process, learners

consider their	belong to other	strategies for	can have, and	cross-curricular	pay specific
preferences	people.	creating and	evaluate the	knowledge and	attention to
when painting		keeping	effectiveness of	giving extra	copyright and
with and without		passwords	their choices	purpose to the	fair use of
the use of digital		private. Learners	circii circioco	main video	media, the
devices.		explain why	Digital Literacy	project.	aesthetics of the
		copying	Learners analyse	J	site, and
Digital Literacy		someone else's	information and	Digital Literacy	navigation paths.
Learners explain		work from the	differentiate	Learners	marigation patrior
rules to keep us		internet without	between	describe	Digital Literacy
safe when we		permission can	'opinions',	common	Learners assess
are using		cause problems.	'beliefs' and	systems that	and action
technology both		23.300 problems.	'facts'. Learners	regulate	different
in and beyond			understand what	agerelated	strategies to
the home.			criteria have to	content (e.g.	limit the impact
Learners identify			be met before	PEGI, BBFC,	of technology on
some simple			something is a	parental	their health (e.g.
examples of			'fact. Learners	warnings) and	nightshift mode,
personal			describe ways	describe their	regular breaks,
information (e.g.			technology can	purpose.	correct posture,
name, address,			affect healthy	Learners explain	sleep, diet and
birthday, age,			sleep and can	how many free	exercise).
location).			describe some of	apps or services	Learners
Learners name			the issues.	may read and	describe ways in
their work so			Learners explain	share private	which some
that others know			how internet use	information (e.g.	online content
it belongs to			can be	friends, contacts,	targets people to
them.			monitored.	likes, images,	gain money or
			Learners assess	videos, voice,	information
			and justify when	messages,	illegally; learners
			it is acceptable	geolocation)	describe
			to use the work	with others.	strategies to
			of others.	Learners	help them

			demonstrate the use of search tools to find and access online content which can be reused by others	identify such content (e.g. scams, phishing). Learners demonstrate how to make references to and acknowledge sources they have used from the internet
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